

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME 1X.

MAYSVILLE, KY., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1890.

NUMBER 80.

SPARKS'

GREAT

Closing-Out Sale!

TO QUIT BUSINESS.

This is a genuine Closing-out sale and no blow. Thousands of dollars' worth of

DRY GOODS.

Carpets, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Hats, Caps, Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear, Table Linens, Towels, Crashes, White Goods, Etc., to be sold

CHEAP FOR CASH!

Everything goes at Cost and less. Do not miss this golden opportunity to buy goods at less prices than you ever did before



A VOICE

From the Executive Mansion.

MR. A. K. HAWKES—Dear Sir: The pair of glasses you furnished me some time since give excellent satisfaction. I have tested them by use, and must say they are unequalled in clearness and brilliancy by any that I have ever worn. Respectfully, JOHN B. GORDON, Governor of Georgia.

All eyes fitted and guaranteed at the Drug Store of POWER & REYNOLDS, Mayville, Ky.

HILL & CO.

French Peas, per can.....
4 cans Singar Corn.....
2 cans Blue Ribbon Peas.....
3 cans Large Mus and sardines.....
California Pecan Nuts, per pound.....
Mocha and Java Coffee, mixed, per pound.....
Large cans Table Peaches, per can.....
6 pounds boxes Oatmeal, per bushel.....
6 doz. boxes Pineapple, per bushel.....
400 lbs. boxes Apples, per bushel.....
3 cans Babu's Potash.....
1 gallon good new crop N. O. Molasses.....
Screw Tops, per bottle.....
Gibbs' Extra Small Peas, per can.....
Gibbs' Early June Peas, 2 cans.....
Potatoes, per peck.....
Fine Pickles, per hand box, only.....
Sweet Oranges, per dozen.....

WE WILL HAVE PECAV. BANANA SALES NEXT SATURDAY.

HILL & CO.
Porpoise Leather!

This shoe is made of PORPOISE SKIN, taned in linseed oil, making it pliable and soft. It is impervious to moisture as well as water. It has a strong sole. Inserted between the upper and the lining, and between the inner and outer soles is a leather strip, the addition to the stock being waterproof, thereby rendering the shoe impervious to moisture or dampness. It is acknowledged to be the toughest leather manufactured. In this and progress. For sale at

LYNCH'S,
41 MARKET ST.

Manufactured by E. H. REYNOLDS.

JOB PRINTING of every description neatly executed at the BULLETIN OFFICE.

World's Fair in 1892

Congress Decides the Much Discussed Question.

CHICAGO SECURES THE PRIZE.

Eight Ballots Are Taken Before a Selection is Made—The Final Vote Stood Chicago 157, New York 107, St. Louis 25, and Washington 18—Other Washington Dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Excepting a few moments occupied in administering the oath of office to John E. Reyburn, of Pennsylvania, the new member who succeeds the late Judge Kelley, the house spent the entire session yesterday in settling the question of the proposed site for the world's fair. Eight ballots were taken, and on the eighth and last ballot Chicago secured 157 votes and the prize.

When Speaker Reed rapped for order at noon, there were about 300 representatives on the floor. The galleries were crowded with people waiting to witness the struggle between the adherents of the rival cities on the floor. Chauncey M. Depew and ex-Secretary Whittemore and others from New York city, Mayor Cregier, of Chicago; Governor Francis, of St. Louis, and a host of representative men from these cities and many Washington men, members of the original board of promotion, were in the galleries or corridors interested and anxious spectators.

At 12:15 p. m., after Mr. Reyburn had been sworn in and had taken his seat, the clerk of the house read the special order, prescribing the method of voting on site question, and requiring some one place to have a majority of the votes cast. Mr. Blount, of Georgia, wanted to know if there would be an opportunity afforded to pass upon the question as to whether there should be a fair before selecting a site. Speaker Reed replied that under the special order there could not be, and directed the clerk to call the roll for first ballot which resulted: Chicago 115, New York 72, St. Louis 61, Washington 50 and one for Cumberland Gap, cast by Mr. Skinner, of North Carolina.

The result of the first vote was very gratifying to friends of Chicago, both on and off the floor. After announcement by the speaker of the result, and that neither city had received a majority of the votes cast, another roll call was ordered, which resulted: Chicago 121, New York 83, St. Louis 59.

As soon as the result had been announced, and that no city had received a majority of all the votes cast, the third vote was ordered. The official announcement was: Total vote, 306; necessary to choose, 154. Chicago, 127; New York, 92; St. Louis, 53; Washington, 34. Without delay the roll was called, and the fourth ballot resulted as follows: Total vote, 306; Chicago, 134; New York, 95; St. Louis, 48; Washington, 29. The Chicago men felt jubilant over the result, for they had gained seven votes as against a gain of only three for New York. St. Louis lost five votes and Washington five.

The result showed no selection and the roll was called and the fifth ballot proceeded. The fifth ballot showed a total of 312. New York gained fifteen votes, while Chicago added but six to her column. St. Louis meanwhile fell off ten votes and Washington five.

All was excitement as the roll call, the sixth, again began. It was apparent that the southern members who had steadfastly supported St. Louis up to this point, were beginning to break away and were going over to New York. The expectations of the New Yorkers were at the highest point and on this vote they poiled their full strength, but gained only six votes, while Chicago gained nine and St. Louis and Washington kept losing, the former losing ten and the latter five votes. The total vote was again 312, of which Chicago received 149 and New York 113.

In the seventh ballot, 313 votes were cast, 154 for Chicago, 112 for New York, 27 for St. Louis and 17 for Washington. Chicago was just two votes short of a majority. Mason, of Illinois, dragged Reyburn, the new member from Pennsylvania forward, and he said he wished to change his vote and did so. It was expected this would lead to a stampede to Chicago, but it did not. Nobody followed his example and Chicago, with its total of 155, was yet one vote short of a majority.

Another call was in order, the eighth and the last. In this Chicago came out victorious, and out of 306 votes cast received 157, three more than enough; New York received 107, St. Louis 25 and Washington 18.

When the speaker announced the result and a victory for Chicago the Chicagoans shouted and cheered. The house was in an uproar, and in the midst of it, at 6 p. m., adjourned.

Senate Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Mr. Chandler, in the senate, rising to a question of personal privilege, called attention to the fact that Senator Call last Thursday had uttered words personally offensive to him, which he had not then heard, and had followed up that breach of order by changing and adding to the official report of his remarks, a paragraph still more offensive. He, therefore, offered a preamble and resolution stating that the senator from Florida had charged him in debate with personal responsibility for the outraging of women and the murdering of children and the destruction of the happiness of households in the south by men who were the emissaries behind him and that the senator had in addition inserted the following paragraph, which he had not spoken:

"The blood of Saunders, if the evidence shall show his death was in any way connected with the prosecution in

United States courts, will rest on his conscience. The shrieking ghosts of outraged and murdered women and children, the victims of the wild lusts and passions of a race who owe all that they know of religion and civilization to the southern white people, and not to the senator from New Hampshire, will disturb his sleeping and his waking hours. Like Banquo's ghost, it will not down; and the ocean will not wash his blood-stained hands from the guilt of the rape and murder of these tender white women and children."

The resolution condemns such action as a breach of privilege for which the senator, Mr. Call, is censured, and orders the words so inserted and the paragraph so added to be stricken from the report in the congressional record.

Mr. Call defended his course in the matter, asserting that he had in debate expressed substantially the same idea as was expressed in the additional paragraph. He had simply changed the phraseology, as he had a right to do; therefore the statement made by the senator from New Hampshire was not true.

Mr. Chandler repelled the intimation that anything he had stated was not true, and he wanted the senate to decide whether such language might be used by one senator in relation to another. He sent the original of the objectionable paragraph by a page to Mr. Call, and asked whether it was in his handwriting.

Mr. Call repeated his assertion that he had in debate fairly and distinctly charged that senator with responsibility for the death of Saunders and for the other iniquities committed in the south. The report, when it came to him, was not, he said, a full and accurate report of his remarks, and he was authorized by the common practice of the senate to correct and transpose, and he had done no more than that.

Mr. Teller expressed the opinion that there should be no tampering with the record except to correct grammatical mistakes. Certainly nothing of a denunciatory character ought to be added to the report.

Mr. Hoar spoke of the necessity that the record should be one of photographic correctness, as therein lay the sole safety of every senator's reputation for his action in the senate.

Mr. Vest ridiculed the idea of the photographic correctness of the record and alluded to the fact that a few years ago the same speech was published as having been made by two different representatives, and had been prepared by neither.

Mr. Sherman thought that the proper disposition of the resolution would be its reference to the committee on privileges and elections, and said the established custom of the senate had been that nothing of a personal character which was not uttered should be injected into the report.

Finally, on objection of Mr. Harris, the resolution went over.

A communication from the attorney general with the report of Marshal Mizell about the assassination of Deputy Marshal Saunders was presented and referred, and at 2 p. m. the educational bill came up as unfinished business. Mr. Faulkner addressed the senate in opposition to it. The bill presented three questions which would have to be answered in the affirmative by those who supported the bill.

First—is the bill sanctioned by the provisions of the Federal constitution?

Second—Are its provisions, which affect the distribution of the fund between the states and between the two races in the states just and beneficial?

Third—is it the part of wisdom and of practical statesmanship for the National government to embark on this boundless sea of unrestrained and unlimited legislation?

He took the negative of these three propositions and went in to argue in support of his view of the question, quoting largely from the debates in the Federal convention, from the decisions of judges and from the writings of recognized publicists and statesmen. From these he argued that the establishment of a common school system was necessarily committed to the care and control of the states.

Mr. Faulkner pointed out the inconsistency of first distributing the fund to the states, on the basis of illiteracy and then distributing the fund, within the states between the two races, on the basis of the school population of each, so that while on the basis of illiteracy, the colored schools at the south ought to receive \$36,000,000 and the white schools \$13,000,000, those figures for the other basis would be reversed and the white schools would receive \$16,000,000 more than the colored schools. Believing, he said in conclusion, the bill to be unconstitutional in its purpose, unfair and inequitable in its methods of distribution, unwise and hurtful in the policy inaugurated by it, he appealed to all sections of the country to unite in defeating it, and he especially urged the south to do so.

Mr. Coke obtained the floor for the next speech on the bill.

Mr. Sherman offered a resolution which was agreed to, calling on the secretary of war for a report of the court-martial proceeding on the trial of Private Wild, and then the senate after a short secret session, at 4:30 p. m., adjourned.

Silver Coinage.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Secretary Windom talked about silver coinage yesterday with the members of the house committee on coinage, weights and measures. Mr. Windom said he had no pet theories to advance and no sentimentalism to sustain on the subject of silver, what the country needed was practical legislation to meet the difficulties of the existing financial situation.

Mr. Windom then discussed at length his silver coinage bill, introduced by Representative Conger, of Iowa. The bill, he said, was framed to meet, in the best way he could devise, the present financial condition. He had seen it as a make-shift; that its author did not believe in it, and that it was brought

forward to defeat some other measure. These statements were untrue. The present bill, he claimed, was framed with the hope of removing a large portion of the great variations in value, during recent years, of gold and silver. He did not believe it possible for the United States to fix a ratio between silver and gold. The bill was designed to adopt the ratio that the commercial world have adopted.

Referring to the objections raised by the bill, the secretary said that the first difficulty to be overcome was that of excluding foreign ore, and he had prepared an amendment which he submitted to meet this difficulty. The amendment provides that in every bar of silver bullion imported into the United States the collector of customs shall stamp the word "Foreign." Every assayer, refiner or other person who may receive such bars after they have been remelted shall also stamp them "Foreign."

Mail Clerks' Deaths.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—The railway mail clerks are preparing a memorial to lay before congress asking a slight increase in salaries and a change in the wording of the statute under which their grading is made. The statute fixes five grades with a maximum salary for each. The clerks want congress to make the salary definite instead of leaving the postmaster general an option up to a fixed maximum. The clerks will appear before the house committee on post offices and post roads before long and make argument through their representative, Mr. Patterson, of The United States Mail.

WAKING IT INTERNATIONAL.

A Lively and Important Meeting of the Law and Order People.

TORONTO, Ont., Feb. 25.—The Law and Order league of the United States has decided to change its name to the International Law and Order league, and it may now include leagues of the different provinces in Canada, as well as the leagues of the several states of the Union. At a banquet Saturday evening, the first toast of the evening was "The Queen," and the second "The President of the United States." The first was responded to by the company singing "God Save the Queen," and the other was responded to by Consul Pope, of Toronto. The speakers of the evening were: President Bonney, of Chicago; Col. Dudley, of Boston; Maj. Bond, of Montreal, and Hon. G. W. Ross, minister of education of Ontario.

The last named gentleman welcomed the American delegates to Toronto, and said: "I am glad the large centers of population in commerce—Chicago, Boston and Philadelphia—are so well represented at this gathering, and that these vast cities will speak to us on the subjects in which we are all interested. I am glad, too," the minister added, "that this meeting is held on Washington's birthday. I suppose our American friends think that we are very monarchical, very conservative people here. Well, we are conservative enough to believe that Canada is just a shade better than the United States. We believe, too, and this remark elicited roars of laughter, that our queen is as good even as the president to-day." A number of prominent delegates took part in several temperance meetings held in the city.

Fire at Elmira, N. Y.

ELMIRA, N. Y., Feb. 24.—Fire was discovered yesterday in Stuart & Beach's gentlemen's furnishing store, 500 East Water street. The flames quickly spread through the building, a four-story structure, and to the adjoining houses, Nos. 307 and 311. Stock valued at \$14,000, belonging to Stuart & Beach, was destroyed. Insurance \$10,000. Household goods belonging to Thomas Hotchkiss, which were stored on the third story, were also destroyed. The loss to Mr. Hotchkiss is \$15,000, on which there is no insurance. Harris & Sons, dry goods store, No. 311, lost heavy on stock. They are insured for \$35,000. Young & Company, hardware, No. 307, estimate damage to goods at \$10,000. Loss on building \$15,000.

Ready to Settle.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 25.—E. C. Kelton, United States consul at Mazatlan, who created something of a sensation in Mexico by his failure for \$100,000, has arrived here. When interviewed he said: "I owe \$100,000 in Mexican money, equal to \$67,000 in American gold. My assets will amount to about \$35,000, but I had no money to meet claims." It is said Mr. Kelton is here for the purpose of settling with his American creditors, who express confidence in his integrity.

A Burglar's Revolver.

AKRON, O., Feb. 25.—Charles Shondor, a well known merchant, jumped from bed early yesterday morning at the noise of a burglar. His wife held a lamp and the two ran the burglar into a corner when he fired on them, the ball shattering the bones of Shondor's leg. The burglar then escaped through a window with his booty, \$68 in cash. Shondor's leg will have to be amputated, and his condition is serious.

Fire in a Clothing House.

BUDDUKE, Iowa, Feb. 25.—Fire started in the Globe building occupied by Pratt Brothers' clothing house at 3 o'clock Sunday morning. The stock valued at \$50,000 was greatly damaged by water. The loss will be from \$25,000 to \$40,000. The building was damaged \$3,000 to \$5,000.

A Fatal Scuffle.

PORTSMOUTH, O., Feb. 25.—Frank Ross, of Maysville, cook, and George Mason, of Higginport, deck hand of the U. S. Chancellor, while having a friendly wrestle Monday morning, fell overboard and were drowned. The bodies are not yet found.

Double Drowning.

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The Arizona Disaster.

Positively Seventy-Five Lives Lost.

BUT WICKENBERG WAS SAVED.

A Courier Brings Further Intelligence of the Flood's Wreck—Thirty-Four Men at Work on the Low Dam Were Drowned, and Probably Many Others in the Valley.

PHOENIX, Ariz., Feb. 25.—A courier has just arrived from the lower dam on the Hassayampa, reports that a tremendous mountain of water came down the Hassayampa at about 2 o'clock Saturday morning, and that thirty-four men lost their lives at the lower dam, where they were at work. Thirty-one were whites and three Chinese. The courier reports the town of Wickenberg all right.

The loss of life in the valley between Wickenberg and the dam may not be known for some days, but it is without doubt considerable, and the number may possibly reach thirty or forty. The courier states that the upper dam had undoubtedly broken and carried the two dams below with it. The loss of property in the dams alone will amount to about \$800,000.

President Van Buren, of the Storage company, and his daughter and niece are safe.

METHODIST MINISTERS.

Reporters to Be Barred Out of Their Meetings Hereafter.

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THE EVENING BULLETIN

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1890.

PERHAPS Blair's three-weeks' speech killed this pet educational bill.莫 any measure could be talked to death in that time.

THE colored Republicans of North Carolina have declared war on the Harrison administration. They furnish about three-fourths of the Republican vote in that State, and claim that Mr. Harrison has almost entirely ignored them in the distribution of the spoils.

THE ballot reform bill pending in the West Virginia Legislature will likely be defeated. The House, which is Democratic, passed it with a *whirl*, but the Senate, which is Republican, will likely kill it. West Virginia Republicans don't seem very anxious for a pure ballot.

THE Democratic members of the Ohio Legislature have learned that their majority is too small to afford any "monkey business." The Republicans caught them napping the other day, and very nearly succeeded in laying the redistricting bill in its grave. Absenteeism is inexcusable—on the part of Democratic members of the Ohio Legislature at this session.

THE impression is gaining ground at Washington that the Blair Educational bill will never become a law. Several leading Republican Senators are opposed to it, among them Hawley, of Connecticut, and Morrill, of Vermont. Every Republican convention in the past four years has resolved and re-resolved for this bill, and if a Republican Senate now fails to pass it, it will be a rather queer proceeding on the part of the g. o. p. The Democratic view of the matter has been the correct one all along.

THE organization of a mammoth starch trust was announced a few days ago, and already are the consumers being robbed. The wholesale price of starch has been $2\frac{1}{2}$ cents per pound and now the ruling prices are $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ cents. And further advances are expected. A quarter of a cent per pound doesn't seem very much, but there are millions of pounds consumed, and even this small advance will put thousands of dollars in the pockets of the robbers, that ought to remain in the hands of the people.

THAT PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The Greenwood Fund Now Amounts to \$3,200—His Will Must be Carried Out.

Editor Bulletin: "But knowledge, to their eyes, her ample page, rich with the spoils of time, did ne'er unroll."

William Greenwood always cherished the idea of a public library. This in his old age became the one great purpose of his life, so that he determined to give the modest estate which he had accumulated for that purpose. Not that it was sufficient, but as a start, expecting others, more able, to add to this library as it grew into public favor. This public library scheme was a theme of never ending interest to the old man. It was to be a public library, accessible to all, but it would be an especial blessing to those who were not able to furnish themselves with books. He delighted to tell how he had walked eight miles in his youth to patronize such an institution. His whole soul was enlisted in the enterprise. That there should be no doubt of its success, he appointed two faithful and trusted friends who knew well his wishes to settle up his estate and pay the proceeds to the city of Maysville. He felt that there could be no possible chance for the trust to fail, the money would be paid to the city at once, and his sons and daughters would be enjoying us untold blessings.

How is it? The executors on the 18th of April, 1875, sold the real estate and turned over to the city in land notes, bearing 6 per cent interest from that date, \$1,437.32. To this add fifteen years' interest and we have \$2,730.90. They also paid the city \$266.91 in cash on the 7th day of July, 1887, which at 6 per cent interest amounts to \$470; or we have in all fifteen years \$3,200, a trust fund for the purpose of a public library. The fund, however, should be even larger if it has been properly managed, the interest collected and reinvested so as to compound it. Fifteen years is a pretty long probationary period. In fact, it takes the average citizen as enough, and this is now time that something was done. If the city will not, is it not high time to me to invoke the aid of a court of equity? Our statutes provide for such a case. No charity shall be defeated for want of a trustee."

A Pleasing Sense

of health—especially if renewed and of these and common follows the use of Syrup of Figs, which is in harmony with nature to efface the disease the system when easily overcome. For sale in 50c. and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists.

Stock, Crop and Turf Items.

John Belt, of Fleming County, has sold a lancy bay harness gelding, sired by Dan Swigert, to W. F. Gray, of Lexington, for \$250.

At Woodard's sales in Lexington last week 355 horses were disposed of for \$355,190. The sales at Lexington in two weeks amounted to over \$500,000.

Twenty of the highest-priced trotters have brought \$747,500; an equal number of the highest-priced thoroughbreds have brought \$398,000, leaving a difference in favor of the trotter of \$321,500.

At Woodard's sale in Lexington last week, J. W. Fitzgerald bought Lady Crenshaw, by Cooper's Medium, for Tom Garrigan, Traveling Passenger Agent of the O. and M. Railroad. Price \$150.

Information from a number of points through the Ohio Valley indicate that the wheat crop has been heavily damaged by the cold wave, while the peach and other small fruits have suffered severely.

John Clarke, of Mayslick, sold a four-year-old road mare, sired by Dan Swigert, for \$20. J. C. Miller, of Millersburg, was the purchaser. Joel Laytham sold to same party a bay harness gelding for \$145.

L. G. Maltby, of Washington, has bought of W. F. Taylor, Paris, the brood mare Mollie G., dam of Prince Mark, two-year-old record 2:47. Prince Mark is now in the hands of Douglas Thomas, the former trainer of Edgemar (2:16), who considers him the equal of Edgemar at the same age.

Railway News.

The Pullman Company is now operating over 110,000 miles of rail.

W. J. McKee has been appointed Superintendent of the Cincinnati Division of the C. and O.

The C. and O.'s new schedule did not go into effect last Sunday. Information was received from General Passenger Agent Fuller that all arrangements had not been completed. The new time table, however, will go into effect next Sunday.

During the past year only 315 passengers were killed in American railway accidents. During the same time 2,000 brakemen were killed and more than 20,000 injured. It is estimated that one in eighty-three is killed and one in sixty injured.

Sixty years ago railroads were unknown in the United States, which then had a population of 15,000,000 people. To-day there are in this country 165,000 miles of railroad, on which were transported last year 600,000,000 tons of freight. Upon these lines 1,000,000 men are employed, and the annual disbursement for labor and supplies are above \$600,000,000—Exchange.

Religious News.

Rev. S. J. Howard, colored, of Lexington, baptised sixty-five persons by immersion last Sunday afternoon.

The revival services at the M. E. Church are beginning with great promise. The altar was crowded with Christians who have consecrated themselves to the work, and sinners are seeking the Lord. All are cordially invited. Service at half past seven this evening.

Last Sunday evening closed the first six months of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of the Christian Church, since the regular organization. The old board of officers were re-elected, Miss Mary Hulett being added to the list as Treasurer. Six months ago the Society had only sixteen members. It has a membership of seventy-one now.

Here and There.

Miss Bessie Smith is visiting her sister, Mrs. James Faulkner, of Flemingsburg.

Mrs. M. F. Marsh is spending the week with her sister, Mrs. Charles Nute, Jr., of Flemingsburg.

Miss Piper, of Walnut Hills, left yesterday for Millersburg, after a visit to Mrs. Katie D. Pearce.

Mr. Pickett Wood, of Middleborough, is visiting his parents Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Wood. He will return home to-morrow morning.

Mr. Thomas Leyland, accompanied by his daughter, Mrs. Bert Bradley, and her husband, all of Boston, will arrive on the F. F. V. this evening to attend the birthday anniversary of Mr. James Smith on Friday, February 28th.

Real Estate Transfers.

Charles Graham and wife to Mary Nelson, four acres of land on Helena and Elizaville pike; consideration, \$400.

Charles Howard and wife to Mrs. Salie Thomas, a lot at South Ripley; consideration, \$100.

Patrick Monahan and wife to Martin Hanley, Jr., and wife, a house and lot on the north side of the Fleming pike; consideration, \$1,100 cash.

James Rogers and wife to Jos. T. Rogers, a house and lot in the East End; consideration, \$600 cash.

Amelia Roseberry to Robt. A. Cochran, grantor's interest in the estate of late James G. White; consideration, \$550 cash.

River Items.

The Bonanza burned a boiler Sunday night and missed a trip.

One up: St. Lawrence and Sherley at midnight. Down: Telegraph at midnight.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

HELENA.

Sep Clark is in Cincinnati. Mrs. Harriet Cook is visiting relatives in Millersburg.

Alex Calvert purchased a fine horse in Cynthiana last week.

Master John Willett has returned to his home in Sherleyville.

Several of our citizens attended court in Flemingsburg Monday.

Knights at the post office on Tuesday and Saturday of each week.

Dan Ross received a severe wound in the leg Friday by a vicious hog striking him with its tusks.

Alex Calvert, our big stock dealer, is now in the tobacco business and paying a good price for the week.

Barker Jones, of Millersburg, has lately been employed as foreman in Best & Co.'s warehouse here.

Messrs. Geo. Nesbitt, Jesse Lovell, Chas. McMath and M. Mathew, representing business houses of Cincinnati, were here the past week.

BERNARD.

Lee Stony's is slightly under the weather. Miss Allie White has about recovered from a spell of grippe.

Peter Dimmitt has returned from a business trip to Lewis County.

John G. and sister, Miss Jennie, are visiting friends at Helena.

Miss Mary Dimmitt has returned from a visit to her sister, Mrs. R. H. Newell, of Maysville.

Professor Chas. D. Wells returned last week from a very successful trip, having introduced many farmers his new patent insect.

Dr. James Wells, who so lately returned from the medical college at Louisville, is being entertained by an immense cumbrous on his upper lip.

John B. Peters, the owner of one of our largest sheep ranches, has had a good deal of trouble with his neighbors' dogs. They have killed quite a number of his, and he is now shooting dogs for amusement.

ORANGEBURG.

Robert White bought two or three crops of tobacco here one day last week at 7 and 8cts.

Several men with stock went through here Sunday on their way to court at Flemingsburg.

Charles Kennan traded a two-year-old mule to John Holliday for a two-year-old horse, and got \$20 to boot.

Indian Creek was high-r last week than it has been for several years. There was considerable damage done to fencing and water gates.

Resolutions of Respect.

HALL, MAYSVILLE CHAPTER NO. 9, ROYAL ARCH MASONIC TEMPLE, February 17, 1890.

WHEREAS, In the mysterious dealings of All-wise Providence our much-esteemed companion and brother Samuel S. Riley, has been removed from us, thereby severing another link in the fraternal chain, and

WHEREAS, By his genial manner and readiness to assist at all times by his counsel, his presence and influence in whatever was designed for the good of the order as well as the individual brother, thereby demonstrating his attachment to the principles of Masonry and his love for the brotherhood; therefore be it

Resolved, That while we bow in submission to the will of the Great High Priest above, we earnestly beseech you, one to whom we are so devotedly attached,

Resolved, That we tender to his bereaved remains our deepest sympathy, a deep pray that He who tempers the wind to the shorn lamb will ever keep them in his loving arms.

Resolved, That a copy of these be sent to the family of our deceased brother.

H. PORTER V. CILVAIN, JAMES H. HEFLIN, GEORGE S. HANCOCK, Com.

Maysville Retail Market.

COFFEE, per pound..... 22@25

MOLASSES—new crop, per gal..... 60@65

Golden Syrup..... 40

—orange, fancy new..... 35@40

SUGAR—Yellow, per pound..... 6@7

EGGS, per dozen..... 7@8

A. per pound..... 1@2

Granulated, per pound..... 8@9

Powdered, per pound..... 16@17

New Orleans, per pound..... 5@7

TEAS—per pound..... 50@100

COAL OIL—Headlight, per gallon..... 15

BAK'ON—Breakfast, per pound..... 10

Clear sides, per pound..... 7@8

Bams, per pound..... 7@8

Shoulders, per pound..... 20@24

BRISKET—per pound..... 20@24

BUTTER—Per pound..... 26@30

CHICKENS—Each..... 10@12

EGGS—Per dozen..... 10@12

FLOUR—Limestone, per barrel..... 5@5

Oil, Gold, per barrel..... 5@5

Maysville Fancy, per barrel..... 4@5

Mason County, per barrel..... 4@5

Royal Patent, per barrel..... 4@5

Maysville Family, per barrel..... 5@6

GRANADE—per sack..... 20@40

HONEY—Per pound..... 15

MEAL—Per peck..... 15

LARD—Per peck..... 40@50

ONIONS—Per peck, new..... 10

POTATOES—Per peck, new..... 10

APPLES—Per peck, new..... 40@60

CINCINNATI.

WHEAT—70@80c.

CORN—28@32c.

Wool—Unwashed, fine merino, 18@19c;

1/2 blood combing, 23@24c; medium delaine and clothing, 24@25c; braid, 18@20c; medium combing, 24@25c; fleece washed, fine merino, X and XX, 28@29c; medium clothing, 30@31c; delaine, 30@31c.

HAY—Choice timothy sells at \$11.50@12.00 per ton; prairie brings \$6.00@6.50; straw, \$5.00@6.00.

CATTLE—Good to choice butchers, \$6.65@4.10; fair, \$2.50@3.40; common, \$1.50@2.00; stockers and feeders, \$2.75@4.00.

HOGS—Selected butchers and heavy shippings, \$4.05@4.15; fair to good packing, \$3.90@4.05; common and rough packing, \$3.50@3.85; fair to good light, \$4.00@4.10; pigs, \$3.50@4.0

THE EVENING BULLETIN

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY,
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1890

INDICATIONS—"Continued warm, threatening weather and rains; winds generally southerly."

SMOKE the "Mountain Boy."

PINEAPPLEcheese, 50 cents—Cahoun's.

FRESH fish every day, at Martin Bros'.

PAPER hanging and decoration done by Greenwood. 17dpm.

INSURE your property with Duley & Baldwin, agents.

BORN, Sunday night, to the wife of Rev. W. J. E. Cox, a son.

TAKE warning from the Mt. Olivet fire and insure with John Duley.

For life or endowment insurance, in the best companies, go to L. W. Galbraith.

THE Central Electric Company is being organized at Lexington, with a capital stock of \$200,000.

CHARLES T. ELLIS, the popular German comedian will appear at the opera house next Saturday night in "Casper, the Yodler."

CHARLES KERR, formerly of this county, is a member of a company that is organizing the Deposit Building and Loan Association of Lexington.

C. T. BROWN has purchased his brother's grocery on East Third street, and will keep constantly on hand a choice stock of goods. Your patronage is solicited.

MR. JNO. T. HISE, of Cincinnati, and Miss Judith Clarke, of this city, were married last evening at the home of bride's mother. Rev. I. A. Thayer officiated.

PENSIONS have been granted William A. Pummer, of Vanceburg, and William Redman, of Cove Dale. John Q. A. Bonner, of Vanceburg, was granted an increase.

A. KARUNOWIZ asks the BULLETIN to say that he has not removed to Ripley. He has an agent there to solicit orders, but all work will be done at his shop on Market street.

ONLY a few days more remain to buy goods and secure tickets on the elegant diamonds Hopper & Murphy give away March 1st, 1890. This drawing will positively take place on date named. dtf

A ROWAN COUNTY groom refused to invite a charivari party to eat or drink, and they broke into the house, seized the fellow and threw him into a stream near by, inflicting probably fatal injuries.

BALLINGER, the jeweler, has postponed the raffle of that \$400 diamond until March 8th. In the meantime he will give a ticket with every dollar paid on account and on every dollar's worth of goods bought.

FARMERS—The Frank Owens Hardware Company keeps constantly on hand a big stock of fencing wire—barbed, plain annealed and plain galvanized, all of the best make. Call at this old and popular establishment when you want wire.

A SPECIAL from Paris says: "Master Workman Pflouts, of the Kentucky Central, has compromised with the C. & O. for the killing of his step-son, James Thompson, a newsboy, in a wreck in Virginia a few weeks ago. He gets \$2,000."

A YOUNG lady living in Fifth ward came down town a few days ago and on returning home and taking off her hat was frightened into a "conviction fit" almost on seeing a mouse jump out of it. The little animal had been imprisoned in the hat all during her walk.

CHICKEN thieves were abroad in the Fifth ward Sunday night. They carried away all of Mrs. E. L. Cobb's, got several at Mr. Q. A. Means' and visited other places. The citizens up there want to know whether Deputy Marshal was on duty in the ward that night.

FURTHER particulars of the drowning of Frank Ross at Portsmouth yesterday morning were received on the arrival of the Chancellor, in the afternoon. He and a deck hand named George Mason, of Higginport, were having a friendly tussle when a plank slipped and dropped them into the water. They fell between the steamer and the wharfboat. Both were drowned.

THERE is a great demand for the Pelham Honey Comb Foundation Mills. Hardly a mail arrives but that brings Mr. W. C. Pelham, the inventor, several orders. He has big and increasing trade throughout the United States, and has lately made large shipments to parties in Austria, Germany and other European countries. These mills surpass anything of the kind now in use.

THE FIRE FIEND.

It Visits Mt. Olivet This Morning and Leaves a Mass of Smoldering Ruins.

A Square Destroyed—The Flame Checked Only by the Most Heroic Efforts.

At 4 o'clock this morning the most destructive fire that ever occurred in Mt. Olivet had just been subdued.

One whole square is a mass of smoldering ruins. Nothing but the most heroic work of everybody in the place saved the whole town from being entirely swept away.

The fire originated in Swarts' saddle and harness shop on Main street, and burned every building from Linville's store, (which was saved by the hardest work and at great risk of life), to the corner of Walnut street, including P. J. Myers' store, Mrs. Lizzie Rigg's millinery and dressmaking establishment, Swarts' saddle shop and Zollar's warehouse.

Long before these buildings fell, Young's store on Walnut street was in a blaze. The wind was blowing from the south. This was favorable to the south end of the town, and saved the Louisiana Hotel and other buildings south of it; yet it carried the flames northwardly and for a time it was thought that every building on North Main street would have to go. Carpenter's Hotel, corner of Main and Walnut, and directly across the street from Young's store, took fire, but men at the risk of their lives, with buckets of water and wet blankets, heroically fought until it was subdued.

Had not the wind shifted to the westward about this time, not even the most faithful water brigade could have possibly saved any portion of the town north of Walnut street. But while this change of wind assisted in saving one portion of the town it swept the flames on down Walnut street and soon Bland's drygoods store, Mrs. Linville's drygoods and millinery store and the splendid new M. E. Church were ablaze, and no power at the command of the citizens could save them. While the church was enveloped in flames and about to fall in, the wind, veering to the east, again came to the assistance of the firemen and aided them to check the progress of the fire at the parsonage, not without doing considerable damage to that building, however. But at this point another serious danger was threatened. The falling timbers in the roof and cupola of the church caused millions of sparks and burning shingles to rise upward, which were carried by the wind, now increased to quite a gale, over, and falling on the roofs of many other buildings. Several caught fire, and again the people thought the town was doomed. At this moment, however, kind Providence assisted the exhausted firemen and sent down great drops of rain which saved the village.

At this early hour it is impossible to give anything like a correct estimate of the losses, but the following will not be too low: Mrs. Rigg's and Mrs. Swarts' millinery and dry goods, \$800—no insurance; Wm. Swarts, \$1,500—no insurance; Mr. Zollar, \$50, no insurance; F. M. Young, \$2,000, partially insured; Chas. French, s'orehouse, \$1,000, insured for about one-half; Frank Bland, dry goods, \$1,500; some insurance; Mrs. Nancy Chandler, store house, \$800; insured; Mrs. Linville, millinery, and store house, \$1,000, some insurance; M. E. Church, \$3,000, some insurance.

The damage to the M. E. parsonage, Carpenter's Hotel and Linville Bros' store is considerable, and the damage to the merchandise and house-hold goods that were removed is very heavy.

Too much praise can not be given to the faithful men and women who assisted in staying the ravages of this destructive fire.

The fire is supposed to have originated from a defective flue in Swarts' saddle shop—just where it had many times been predicted a fire would start.

Limestone Building Association.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Limestone Building Association last Saturday night, the old Board of Directors and officers were re-elected for the ensuing year. Following is the list of officers:

President—W. B. Mathews.
Vice President—T. H. N. Smith.
Secretary—H. C. Sharp.
Treasurer—James E. Threlkeld.
Solicitor—G. W. Sulser.

Certificates for the dividends heretofore declared will be distributed this week, and will be paid on presentation at any of the banks. Those who fail to receive their certificates before Saturday night can do so at the meeting Saturday night at the office of Miller's office.

Books are still open for subscription to the first series of stock. Shares can be obtained by calling on any of the officers.

A WORD TO C. P. HUNTINGTON.

A Road from Maysville to Chillicothe Would Traverse the Best Territory in Ohio.

Says the Chillicothe Leader: "It seems to be pretty generally understood—and the knowledge of what has already been accomplished would appear to bear out the theory—that the purchase of the Scioto Valley Road is but a part of a plan, whereby Mr. Huntington seeks a speedy transfer for his southern and southwestern freights to an eastern market.

"If the Leader understands the situation correctly, this freight must now find its way to the Scioto Valley, from Lexington, Ky., via Ashland and Ironton. Here is a point that the Leader desires to present to Mr. Huntington, and to the gentlemen associated with him. The distance from Chillicothe, Ohio, to Lexington, Ky., via Maysville, is substantially 125 miles. The distance to Chillicothe from Lexington, via Ashland and Ironton, is substantially 200 miles. Could Mr. Huntington's freight come direct, it would save a seventy-five mile haul.

"Now, Mr. Huntington already has a road to Maysville from Lexington. Would it not be the part of wisdom to build the short stretch between Maysville and Chillicothe?

"As the Leader pointed out in an editorial of a week or two ago, there is not so desirable a piece of unoccupied territory in Ohio, as the country through which this road would pass. Such a road would find its best line over the route suggested when the building of a road was contemplated under the Biegel law, viz: from Chillicothe to Bainbridge, thence to Sinking Springs, thence to West Union, and thence to Aberdeen. There is no richer agricultural valley in the United States than the valley of the Paint, lying between Chillicothe and Bainbridge. For ten miles south of that, on the line proposed, the soil is similar, and the settlement of a character that one might expect from productive soil. Beyond that to the river, it is a fair average, and along the entire route lie towns and villages of varying size. A satisfactory grade can be obtained at all points, and the work of construction would be comparatively light. The territory is one entirely unoccupied and is the best unoccupied railroad territory in Ohio.

"We don't charge Mr. Huntington or his friends anything for this information, but will be satisfied if they find it of value. As for ourselves, we are free to say that we are especially interested in the growth and prosperity of Chillicothe, and the extension of advantages and conveniences to Ross County, but even this does not prevent us from telling the truth.

"Investigation may prove to Mr. Huntington that this is a valuable pointer."

Of Interest to Kentuckians.

The Courier-Journal's Washington correspondent says: "A bill has been reported from the House Committee on Invalid Pensions which is of interest to many people in Kentucky, for the reason that it proposes to repeal the limitations prescribed against persons not enlisted in the army of the United States, but who, while serving for the time being as members of the militia of any State, under orders of an officer of the United States, were disabled in consequence of wounds or injuries received in any engagement during the war, or in fights with Indians. The report accompanying the bill says that among the States most forward in the organization of their military forces during the civil war were Kentucky, West Virginia, Kansas and Missouri.

A number of State militiamen wounded in battle, as well as widows, etc., of others, who lost their lives while in this temporary service, are now upon the pension rolls, because they were apprised of their rights and were able to substantiate the same within the period prescribed by law, while many others, who were injured under like circumstances or who lost upon the field of battle a husband or father, ignorant of their rights, or unable to satisfy the Pension Office of the merit of their claims, are, because of the limitations referred to, shut out from the help which the Government liberally bestows. The committee, therefore, fail to see the propriety of keeping in force the statute, which necessitates special action in each individual case arising out of his service.

County County Court Doings.

Ezio Payton, S. P. Manley, J. T. Sut, Thomas Grover and P. W. Sut were appointed trustees of Sardis, no trustees having been chosen at the last election.

Wm. E. Tabb was exonerated from payment of tax on \$3,900, on real estate improperly assessed to him.

G. R. Snipley, guardian of Ella P. Sutley, filed a report of her estate, which was ordered recorded.

The last will of A. F. F. was admitted to record. I. N. Watson, Jr., his executor with R. F. Gault and James W. Adamson, trustees. Lewis J. F. F. and Henry C. Threlkeld and J. H. Wrigley, appointed appraisers.

The Postoffice Drug Store!

You can always find a choice line of DRUGS at the Postoffice Drug Store. Also a fine line of Fancy Toilet Articles, and the best Perfumery to be found in Maysville. Prescriptions a specialty, and carefully compounded at all hours.

POWER & REYNOLDS,
Cox Building (Adjoining Postoffice).

SPECIAL BARCAINS

AT

MINER'S SHOE STORE

THIS WEEK.

THE LATEST NOVELTIES

IN

HATS and NECKWEAR

NOW READY AT

NELSON'S.

The Last Chance to Buy Stoves Cheap.

Although the advance in iron has increased the price of Stoves, we will offer our entire large stock of

HEATERS AT COST.

They must go to make room for other goods. We are also showing the latest and best improved Cook Stoves and Wrought Steel Ranges ever offered in Maysville.

BIERBOWER and CO.

MARKET STREET.



McClanahan & Shea

Dealers in

STOVES,
Mantels, Grates, Tinware.

TIN-ROOFING,
GUTTERING,
and SPOUTING.

JOB WORK OF ALL KINDS EXECUTED IN BEST MANNER

PURE DRUGS, WINES AND LIQUORS.

THOS. J. CHENOWETH'S

DRUG AND PRESCRIPTION STORE.

Attention, Cash Buyers!

Attention is called to the list of Bargains named below:

Half Wool Henrietta, new shades, at 10 cents.

Thirty-six-inch English Henrietta, usual price 25 cents, our price in new Spring shades, 18 cents.

Plaid and Striped Tricots, thirty-six inches wide, at 25 cents.

Nainsook at 5, 8 1-2 and 10 cents per yard.

India Linen at 5, 7 1-2 and 10 cents.

Towels at 5 cents.

All Linen Towels at 10 and 12 1-2 cents; thirty-six inch All Linen Towels at 20 cents, worth 25 cents.

Ladies' Hose, all colors, at 10 cents; Men's Seamless Half Hose, extra heavy, at 10 cents.

Good yard-wide Brown Muslin at 5 cents.

Plaid Shirting at 5 cents.

Domestic Ginghams at 5 cents per yard, worth 7 1-2 cents.

Tobacco Cotton at 1 3-4 cents per yard.

BROWNING & CO.

3 EAST SECOND STREET.

Foreign Dispatches.

Interesting Cullings From the Cable News.

ANOTHER LABOR CONFERENCE.

Emperor William Taking an Active Interest in the Affairs of the State. Final Returns of the German Election. Serious Accident to Workmen in Hamburg—Other Items.

BERLIN, Feb. 25.—Another conference has taken place between Emperor William and Dr. Roth, the Swiss minister, with reference to the Swiss labor conference. He has also received recently several professors of colleges, among them Herr Schulz, the master of a French high school, whom he consulted several times.

The emperor contemplates a reorganization of the educational system, and the introduction of a complete system of physical culture in addition to mental training.

A rumor is in circulation to the effect that Emperor William will visit Baron Stumm in March next. It is thought that he will avail himself of this opportunity to receive a deputation from the Saar miners.

A Home Ruler Elected.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—The election to fill the vacancy in the house of commons for the west division of Waterford, caused by the mysterious disappearance of Mr. Jasper D. Pyne, Home Ruler, resulted in the return of Mr. Alfred Webb, Home Ruler. Mr. Webb had no opposition. Mr. Pyne was also returned without opposition at the last preceding election.

Final Election Returns.

BERLIN, Feb. 25.—The final returns of the Reichstag election show the following distribution of the members elected among the various parties: Conservatives, 51; Imperials, 16; Centrists, 90; Freisem, 22; National Liberals, 16; Socialists, 21; Alsatians, 21; Foles, 14; Guelphs, 2; Dane, 1. The number of reballots necessary is 151.

Accident to Workmen.

HAMBURG, Feb. 25.—The iron cupola of the new floral concert hall, in course of erection here, fell yesterday, burying in its ruins thirty-eight workmen. Two were taken out dead, eight severely injured and five are still missing. The others escaped with slight injuries.

Horrible Revelation.

WARSAW, Feb. 25.—It turns out as to the fire which occurred here, that the woman Skubinski set fire to the house and watched the progress of events from a distance. It is discovered that she carried on a regular trade in the butchery of illegitimate children.

Duke of Orleans Removed.

PARIS, Feb. 25.—The Duke d'Orleans was last night transferred to Clairvaux prison by the train which left from Gare d'Est at 12:35. He was taken from the Conciergerie an hour before the starting of the train, the fact of his departure being kept profoundly secret.

Emil Will Return to Central Africa.

BERLIN, Feb. 25.—Emil Pasha has written to a friend that he has declined the khedive's offer of the governorship of Eastern Soudan, with his residence at Suakin, and that he is resolved to return to Wad-el-ai and reconquer that country for Germany.

Chamberlain Kicking Again.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—Mr. Chamberlain, in a letter to The Times, denounces the new compact of the Gladstonians for the purchase of Parnell votes by the abandonment of the principle of denominational education in favor of the Catholics.

Battle in Senegal.

PARIS, Feb. 25.—Information has reached here that 500 of the king of Dahomey's troops attacked the French posts at Kotoni, Senegal. The French repulsed them and killed sixty of their number.

Earthquakes.

ROME, Feb. 25.—There have been felt here two slight earthquakes, and there is great alarm.

Abraham Lincoln Not So Well.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—Minister Lincoln's son is not quite so well.

S. J. Tilden's Heirs Will Compromise. Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Feb. 25.—The News Press says it has information that a settlement of the contest over the will of the late S. J. Tilden is in a fair way to be reached soon by a compromise between the heirs-at-law and the trustees of the estate.

Blue Laws to Be Enforced.

SOUTH NORWALK, Conn., Feb. 25.—The mayor of this town has determined to enforce the old Connecticut "blue laws," which are obsolete, though still on the statute books. To-day all activity was of necessity or of mercy has been suspended. A test case will follow.

Epidemic of Measles.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., Feb. 25.—At Harrisonburg, this county, there is an epidemic of measles. The population is 500, and 175 cases have been reported, but no deaths have occurred so far. The schools have been closed.

Shots in Neck and Heart.

LOUISVILLE, Feb. 25.—John Stringer and Andrew Lane engaged in a drunken brawl at Gray's Ky., and killed each other. Lane was shot near the heart, and Stringer's jugular was severed. Stringer had shot eight men.

Farmer Drowned.

CUMBERLAND, O., Feb. 25.—Riley Archer, a farmer residing near here, was drowned yesterday while attempting to cross a swollen stream on a slippery log. His body was recovered.

List of a Famous Hotel.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 25.—The sale of furniture of the Planters' hotel at public auction commenced to-day. There seems no prospect now of a reopening of the famous old hotel.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

Items of Interest Put in Convenient Form For the Hurried Reader.

The success of the Wheeling bridge project is assured.

Hon. H. L. Morey will not be a candidate for the next congress.

A tramp attempted to criminally assault a 14-year-old girl near Loveland.

Nashville speculators will lose \$1,000,000 by the drop in Tennessee coal and iron.

Tramps fired into a passenger train near Leetonia, O., and injured several persons.

Joseph Morrison murdered his wife at Carbon, W. Va., and then committed suicide.

Mrs. Samantha Baker and her 8-year-old son were burned to death at Salina, Kan.

Henry Mosler's works are a feature of the annual reception of Chicago's art institute.

Five tobacco barns and other property were destroyed by a storm near Hopkinsville, Ky.

The second trial of Elmer Sharkey for the murder of his mother began at Hamilton, O., yesterday.

An extra session of the Tennessee legislature, to consider important matters, began yesterday.

It is said that an English syndicate will establish several hundred families of negroes in Chihuahua, Mex.

Chicagoans gave vent to their enthusiasm over securing the world's fair by firing canons, blowing horns, etc.

Mr. Chautalouf, a brass founder, who died at Montreal, left his entire fortune, valued at \$50,000, to his employees.

A woman at Chicago has brought a suit in which she alleges conspiracy to rob her of her child, who inherited \$10,000.

Rudolph Dubois filled up with whisky at St. Albans, Que., and murdered his wife, mother-in-law and his two children.

The defense in the "Brooky" Smith murder case, at Cincinnati, will probably be irresponsibility on account of drunkenness and insanity.

The stichers in the Brown shoe factory at Natick, Mass., returned to work with the understanding that their grievances would be satisfactorily settled.

A 5-year-old child of House Darnell, of Manchester, O., was seriously burned by the explosion of a can of coal oil.

A thief arrested in Cincinnati on the 11th inst., proves to be Hiram Borden, alias Switzer, who has served two terms in the Auburn, N. Y., penitentiary, and two years in the Joliet, Ill., penitentiary.

The first Slavish convention ever held in the United States is now in session in Allegheny City. The object is to form a National organization for the purpose of looking after the interests of the Hungarians in all parts of the country.

A boiler in the bath room of the barber shop of Ball & Nagle, in the basement of the Northern National bank block, at Big Rapids, Mich., exploded, fatally injuring Joe Shaw, employed in the shop.

The Plasterers and Eight Hours.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—One month from now the eight hour day will go into effect throughout the city in lieu of the present day of nine hours in the plastering trade, and the union scale of wages, now \$1.50, will be reduced to \$4. This is the outcome of negotiations between the plasterers' union and the contractors. A similar arrangement has been effected by the plasterers in Brooklyn, while the plumbers and gas fitters of that city have decided to adhere to nine hours and present pay, the employers conceding them a half holiday on Saturdays.

Tug Boat Boiler Explodes.

MOBILE, Ala., Feb. 25.—The tug boat Flora blew up above this place, in White House bend. The vessel had stopped for repairs, and the captain was on the bank putting on a hawser when the boiler exploded. The boat was blown into splinters and sank at once. Engineer Grimsley and his son were killed, also the colored cook. Pilot Thomas Romall was badly cut about the top of the head. He was removed to the hospital here. The captain, Charles Hall, was struck by some flying fragments of the boat and slightly injured. Low water in the boiler is supposed to have been the cause.

A Cowardly Murder.

CARBON, W. Va., Feb. 25.—Joseph Morrison, aged 50 years, whose wife has not lived with him for some time, yesterday went to the house of Mrs. George Hunter, where Mrs. Morrison is making her home. On entering the house Morrison rushed to his wife's room, having a revolver in one hand and a dirk knife in the other. He placed the revolver to Mrs. Morrison's head and fired, inflicting a wound from which it is not thought possible that she can recover. Morrison then ran to an adjoining room, where he cut his own throat, and died in a few minutes.

The Huns are Waking Up.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 25.—The following was received from Pittsburg Monday afternoon. The first Slavish convention ever held in the United States is now in session in Wauhers hall, Allegheny City. The object of the convention is to form a National organization for the purpose of looking after the interests of the Hungarians in all parts of the country, and establish a system by which these people can be properly educated and their rights protected. Delegates are present from a number of the large cities.

Thumb Cut Off Without His Knowing It.

ADRIAN, Mich., Feb. 25.—Saturday C. B. Conant, an employee of the Page Wire Fence company, noticed blood trickling from his right hand, and was surprised to find his thumb gone. The severed member lay upon the table near the buzz saw, and had been amputated without his knowing it. He walked down town and had the necessary surgical attention.

Alleged Forgers in Court.

TOLEDO, O., Feb. 25.—Madame D. Vere, the clairvoyant who has been in jail for a month under indictment for complicity in the forgery of notes to the amount of \$30,000 on Richard Brown, of Youngstown, O., was arraigned yesterday and pleaded not guilty. Joseph Lamb, her alleged accomplice, also entered a similar plea. A motion to quash the indictments was filed.

Death of Col. John M. Barbour.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 25.—Col. John M. Barbour, known throughout Kentucky as a noted huntsman and identified with sports generally, died yesterday morning. He figured somewhat in politics at different periods.



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists.

Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

NEW YORK, N. Y.

WANTED

NO 1014—A KURTOWITZ has a manager at Riley, who will receive orders or all kinds of work in his line, clearing, etc.

125-31

YEING and cleaning. Look at your spring garments and see what you need and bring to ABRAM KURTOWITZ for cleaning, repairing, mending, etc. Go to work at his price. Satisfaction guaranteed. Give me a call. Market street, between Second and Third.

WANTED—A white Cook. Apply to J. SHERMAN, store next to Cuthewell's drug store.

WANTED—A single man to raise a crop of tobacco in Butler County, O. Steady employment and good wages. Address, E. MILLER, Stockton, Butler County, O.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A store house situated on the north side of Second street, Fifth ward. Apply to MRS. A. POTTER.

FOR RENT—Residence—Seven rooms and front and rear porch. Good yard, front and rear. Water and gas. Rent \$200.

JOSEPH H. DODSON.

FOR RENT—Good Mason County Farm of 175 acres for one year. Possession given March 10th. Two houses on farm. Apply to P. R. RINE & CAMPBELL Court St., Maysville, Ky.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Twenty or thirty set of second-hand window glass and sash. Inquire at R. B. LEWIS' grocery.

2406

FOR SALE—One hundred and five acres of good land near Washington. Apply to R. B. MATTBY.

1037

FOR SALE—A suburban residence with ten rooms, six dining halls, on building, &c., and five lots, well improved. Apply to E. H. THOMAS, No. 29 E. Second street.

17-271m

FOR SALE OR RENT—Miss Parkers' dwelling on Limestone street. Apply to G. S. UDD.

1-271m

LOST.

LAST—Last evening between Mrs. Will Dawson's home on Grant street and Third street M. E. Church, a square gold locket. Reward paid for return of same to this office.

25dts

INCOMPREHENSIBLE.

Why you will exchange your old sewing machine and pay a difference of \$40 or \$50 when you can have it repaired and made as good as new? All kinds repaired and warranted. Twenty-five years experience. Orders left at Owens, Mitchell & Co.'s hardware store will receive prompt attention.

H. M. WILLIAMS, Adjuster.

NEW GOODS!

I desire to inform the public that my stock of MILLINERY GOODS and NOTIONS is complete and embraces everything usually found in a first-class store. My stock of Holiday Goods is very fine.

A Fine Line of

DOLLS

For the Little Folks.

Also Agent for the Old Staten Island Dyeing establishment.

MISS LOU POWLING,

Second St., next door to White, Judd & Co.'s

REMOVAL

SALE.

Prices cut in two for the next thirty days, at MRS. ANNA FRAZER'S

MEMORY

Marvelous Discovery in our reading. Testimonials from all parts of the globe. Prospectus FREE, sent on application to Prof. A. Loebst, 237 Fifth Ave., New York.

14-164-12-2

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